

Israel's Dead Sea Scroll in Argentine Exhibition

By MARC REMAUD

BUENOS AIRES (NANA).—A tiny fragment of the Dead Sea Scrolls arrived here on a diplomatic mission two thousand years after it was written—to patch up the damage inflicted on Israel-Argentina relations by the Eichmann case.

The fragment, insured for \$25,000, belongs to the book "War of the Children of Light Against the Children of Darkness," found in the Qumran Cave Number One.

Israel has also sent to Buenos Aires a rich selection of archaeological treasures from various periods in the history of the Jewish people. They include coins, medals of sculpture, mosaic, and pottery some of them nearly 4,000 years old.

Independence Anniversary
The exhibit constitutes technically a part of Israel's contribution to the celebration of Argentina's 160th Independence Anniversary.

Most every country diplomatically linked to Argentina, in one way or another, joining in the celebration which is to last well into next year.

The United States sent an experimental laboratory complex with reactor, which is a pressure-suspended plastic dome, towering more than 50 feet, and covering an area of more than 25,000 square feet.

Israel's contribution is of particular significance. Relations between the two Governments have not been as amicable as before the Eichmann affair, notwithstanding official declarations that the incident is closed.

Rome Students Riot Over South Tyrol
ROME (AP).—Students tried to storm the Austrian Consulate on Wednesday, as relations between the two neighboring countries sagged to a postwar low over the South Tyrol dispute at the U.N.

(At the U.N. earlier in the day, Austria proposed formally on Wednesday that the General Assembly recommend Austria-Italian negotiations to make Italy a Boisan (Bozen) province an autonomous region.)

Headlines and political speeches, Italians called Austrians "Nazis," Austrians called Italians "Fascists."

AMITAI — to Norma and David, a son, Brith Milah Sunday, October 16, 10 a.m. Shari Zedek Hospital, Jerusalem.

KENNY — to Varda and Teddy Kenny, a son, brother to Mickey and Uri, at Assuta Hospital on Y. day, October 10, 1966.

SIMMONS — to Adina (nee Pazner) and Jake on October 12 at the Assuta Hospital, a sister to Sharon-Livia.

Art classes for children aged 5-13 directed by Naomi Zuckerman, will reopen on October 15 at the Studio, 7 Giza Rd., Jerusalem, and not as erroneously printed on Wednesday.

A new course in Art History and Appreciation — is being organized for children over 13. Registration at the Studio, October 16-17, 10 a.m. - 4 p.m.

HESSIE'S Restaurant (reopens on Sunday, October 16, 1966).

FINK'S Bar & Restaurant reopens tomorrow evening at 8 (Avt).

BRITISH COUNCIL SCHOLARSHIPS
Full scholarships of one academic year (1967-68) have been awarded by the British Council to the following:

Mr. F. Sawitowski, Lecturer in Aircraft Production at the Aeronautical Dept., Technion, who will study Aircraft Economics and Production at the College of Aeronautics, Cranfield, England.

Mr. S. Averbach, Assistant in Political Theory, at the Hebrew University, who will study Political Science at the London School of Economics & Political Science.

Mr. S. Nitzan, Research Worker at the Agricultural Research Station, Rehovot, Beit Dagan, who will carry out research work in Plant Pathology at Reading University.

Mr. S. Nitzan, Research Engineer at the Building Research Station, Haifa, who is to study Civil Engineering at King's College, Newcastle.

Mr. S. Nitzan, Development Officer for Arab Areas at the Ministry of Trade & Industry, who is to study Industrial Management at Leeds University.

Miss Y. Haiman, Adviser for Students of English, Technion, Dept. Hebrew University, who will study for the Diploma in the Teaching of English as a Foreign Language at the University of London.

A POST OFFICE in the Gush Dan suburb of Jerusalem will be opened on Monday in Mr. Tibor Reda's store.

ISRAEL NATIONAL OPERA
1. Agency for Tel Aviv

2. Agency for the spiritual musical show

3. Agency for the spiritual musical show

4. Agency for the spiritual musical show

5. Agency for the spiritual musical show

6. Agency for the spiritual musical show

7. Agency for the spiritual musical show

8. Agency for the spiritual musical show

South Korea to Cut Army by 30,000

SEOUL (AP).—The South Korean Defense Ministry has decided to cut 30,000 men from its 600,000-man army by the end of this year, according to military sources here.

About 2,000 out of the 30,000 would be officers, the sources said.

The Government earlier planned to reduce 20,000 men, but decided to complete the projected reduction this year in view of the budgetary situation, the sources said.

Religious Bitterness
The incident caused a flare-up of racial and religious bitterness in Argentina, particularly among nationalist students, which the government found difficult to control.

Old resentments were rekindled and demonstrated the removal of a crucifix from the Argentine Jewish University Law School removed a crucifix from their main lecture hall and a Jewish Judge in a Buenos Aires suburb ordered the removal of a crucifix from his chambers.

These incidents, widely criticized in the Argentine press, stirred the controversy still further.

Jewish circles in Buenos Aires are hopeful that the Dead Sea Scroll fragment and the stimulation of cultural exchange will help considerably to reduce the ill-feeling between the two nations.

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Northstad Heckled By Coventry Audience

COVENTRY (AP).—Scores of police were called out here Wednesday night to break up a public meeting addressed by America's Gen. Lauris Norstad, NATO Supreme Commander in Europe.

He stood silently on the platform for a few minutes while the demonstrators tried to break up a public meeting addressed by America's Gen. Lauris Norstad, NATO Supreme Commander in Europe.

The demonstrators carried the hallmarks of a carefully planned demonstration against the American general, who was paying a one-day visit to this home-seated English city from his Paris headquarters.

Coventry's Lord Mayor Harry Stanley was howled down as he began introducing Gen. Norstad. "Send him home," the demonstrators shouted. "Don't let him use you, Harry."

English Nobility
Gen. Norstad began his speech with the mob in full cry, some shouting, some singing "Rule Britannia."

Raising his voice above the noise, he said: "It is the great character of the English people that they are the source and fountainhead of many of the freedoms we enjoy, including the freedom of speech. I would expect from an English audience the opportunity to exercise that right."

The heckling died down somewhat after that, but Gen. Norstad still was interrupted by shouts as he described some of the functions of the North Atlantic alliance.

After his 20-minute talk the meeting broke up without further trouble.

Woman Electrocuted While Ironing
HAIFA — Mrs. Hava Weller, 46, of 4 Rehov Kinneret, was electrocuted by her electric sewing machine while mending her daughter's army uniform on Wednesday.

A doctor tried to save her life by an intravenous stimulant and artificial respiration.

THE JENNY GROSSINGER Kupat Holim Clinic was closed Wednesday by the death of Mrs. Jenny Grossinger, 64, of 10 Rehov Kinneret.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES
JERUSALEM: Tel. 24 Keren Kayemet, 22288.

TEL AVIV: Magen David, 20 Abad Kinneret, Tel. 24 Keren Kayemet, 22288.

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Davidman Wins Tennis Crown

By JACK LEON

TEL AVIV.—Elazar Davidman won the title on Thursday defeating Gabriel Dubitzki 6-3, 6-4, 4-6, 6-2 to win the men's singles title in the 30th annual championship. This is his sixth singles title.

In the women's singles final Mrs. Marie Brown of Britain was leading title holder Mrs. Tova Epstein 4-4, 4-5, when David stopped play. This match, and the women's doubles final between holders Mrs. E. Cohen and Mrs. R. Finkman, were postponed to Wednesday.

The Davidman-Dubitzki final was an interesting one, though somewhat lacking in tension. Twenty-three-year-old Davidman never let up against his rival, two years his senior. There were plenty of elegant tennis moves, particularly strong overheads, and Dubitzki's excellent in beautiful passing shots.

In the semi-final on Wednesday, Davidman beat David A. 6-3, 6-4.

Davidman and Dubitzki, Israel's likely Davis Cup pair, teamed up to take the

GIRL FINED FOR CHEATING ON AGE
A 25-year-old girl, Rachel Zaken, was fined 11,000 by Judge M. Levi in Jerusalem Magistrate's Court for falsifying her age on her identification card by altering one digit in the entry of her date of birth.

Her motive was to "reduce" her age so that she could postpone her induction into the Army.

Exhibitions:
Chassidic House, 24 Shalom U.N.O. One-man show — Brith Olas, 10-11-12.

Where to go
Renaud Art Library: Books on Jewish art and culture (from Henri Rousseau to Camille Borel). New acquisitions. Today, 10-11-12.

TEL AVIV
Adria Club, 101 Disraeli Rd., 4 p.m.

TEL AVIV
Kibbutz Beit Shimon, 230 p.m. Tomorrow, 8.30, 9.30.

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Dance and Dance, 18 Shalom Alon, 10-11-12.

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Asian Cup Games Delayed a Day

SEOUL (Reuter).—The second Asian Soccer Tournament, scheduled to start yesterday, was postponed because of a delay in the arrival of the Japanese team.

The South Korean Soccer Association said the revised schedule will be: October 17, Korea v. Israel; October 18, Israel v. Vietnam; October 19, Korea v. Vietnam; October 20, Korea v. Vietnam; October 21, Korea v. Vietnam; October 22, Korea v. Vietnam.

All matches start at 10.30 G.M.T.

The Israeli players say they are in good condition but complained that the pitch, the only one in South Korea, is too bad.

Top League 'A' Teams Play Away
TEL AVIV.—The top teams in League "A" all have away fixtures this week-end, and results will be a good indication of the season's prospects.

Season's challengers of last season, Hapoel Tel Aviv, will face Maccabi Tel Aviv on Saturday. Hapoel Tel Aviv will face Maccabi Tel Aviv on Saturday.

France Puts Off Plan To Dump 'A' Waste
PARIS (Reuter).—The French Atomic Energy Commission announced on Wednesday that it was postponing its controversial plan to dump radioactive waste in the Mediterranean because of the "emotion aroused by this project."

A chorus of protest from the French Riviera, culminating in a personal letter from Prince Rainier of Monaco to President de Gaulle, followed disclosure of the plan last week.

The original plan was to dump the waste 7,000 feet deep between Corsica and the mainland. The experiment was to have begun around October 20.

Yesterday's communiqué said a date for the dumping would now be fixed after the High Commissioner for Atomic Energy, M. Franco Perrin, had consulted various personalities who, lacking sufficient information, had expressed their concern.

M. Perrin on Tuesday issued a statement saying the proposed dumping presented "no danger of any kind, direct or indirect, present or future, to people living on the coast or beyond, fishermen, bathers or sailors."

Keep Yourself in good health and figure
by therapeutic exercise and massage

for reducing, to combat rheumatic and spinal pains, for post-paralytic treatment and learning of proper breathing.

at ROGER INSTITUTE, 18 Rehov Bloch, Tel Aviv. Registration, 12-1; 6-7 p.m.

EDISON THEATRE Tel. 24056
Warner Bros. present

John Osborne's famous play

Look Back in Anger

with Richard Burton, Claire Bloom, Mary Ure

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126 DIZENGOFF RD. TEL AVIV
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with secondary education. Good appearance, after army service. For Marketing Import Goods. Knowledge of Hebrew and English essential. Good prospects. Apply: No. 6448, Dahaf Adv., 123 Allenby Rd. Tel Aviv.

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in well-established enterprise. Industry preferred. Write to: No. 3376, Gershon Ben Avraham, 21 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv.

ANNOUNCEMENT
To our esteemed patrons Cafe-Restaurant

MERCAZ
1. King George Avenue, Jerusalem, Tel. 26021

Today's Postings

The Weather

Forecast: Sunny conditions, with a high temperature of 24°C. A light breeze from the west, clearing warming trend and dryness.

City	High	Low
Tel Aviv	24	18
Jerusalem	22	16
Ramat Gan	23	17
Bnei Brak	23	17
Haifa	21	15
Beersheva	25	19
Dimona	26	20
Yotvata	28	22
Beer Sheva	27	21
Yotvata	28	22
Yotvata	28	22

(All figures in Celsius) (Yotvata's temperature range)

ARRIVALS

Mr. H. Ben-Zion, Director-General of the Ministry of Defense, arrived in Jerusalem from London and the British Isles, where he arranged for the purchase of arms and military equipment for the Israel Defense Forces.

Mr. Moshe Rivlin, Secretary-General of the Jewish Agency, arrived in Jerusalem from London and the British Isles, where he arranged for the purchase of arms and military equipment for the Israel Defense Forces.

THE VETERINARY

Institute of the Ministry of Agriculture is investigating all of the nation's 35,000 draught animals against African horse sickness, which has reached epidemic stages in Cyprus and various Middle Eastern and Southern Asian countries.

MORE THAN 50,000 PERSONS

visited the ten-day Fruit Exhibition in Haifa before it closed last night.

600 TOURISTS from Western

countries, including Germany, entered Israel through the Naqurah Gate on Thursday morning.

Hebrew Play Put On

In Polish Theatre

WARSAW.—"Most Cruel, The King" by the Israeli playwright Natan Aloni was recently presented in Polish translation in the town of Nowi Hute, near Krakow.

U.N. to Debate Colonialism

(Continued from Page One)

all through his stay at the General Assembly. The General Assembly broke up in general after unprecedented excited scenes during a four-hour long presidential debate on colonialism. The performance of the Rumanian delegate, Mr. Khrushchev, was the center of the storm. He was called to the floor by one of his supporters, Mr. Frederick Boland, of Ireland, the President of the 16-nation body, abruptly adjourned the Assembly and broke his gavel in the process when the Rumanian delegate, Mr. Khrushchev, shouted at the top of his voice: "I can only hope that the Irish people enjoy the same measure of freedom that the Rumanian people do."

Protest Against U.S.

Foreign Minister, Deputy Foreign Minister, had gone to the rostrum to protest against the U.S. delegate's remarks that "there are a number of states in Eastern Europe which do not have their complete independence."

Bomb Injures 27 At

Times Square Subway

NEW YORK (AP).—An explosion in New York's busiest subway station, beneath Times Square, injured 27 persons on Wednesday. It was caused by a home-made bomb, the third planted within a two-block midtown radius in 11 days.

Police Commissioner Stephen P. Kennedy

stayed for several hours in an official explanation of the blast, although his deputy from the beginning termed it a bomb. He finally announced that an explosive force apparently had been hidden behind a desk-top photo magnet machine in the subway station.

AFGHAN KING TO VISIT

HAIFA, Afghanistan (Reuters).—King Zahir Shah of Afghanistan will have here for an official visit to the United Arab Republic on October 22.

Jordan Water To Negev By 1963

By H. BEN-AD, Jerusalem Post Reporter

DIMONA.—The Prime Minister, Mr. David Ben-Gurion, told the citizens of Dimona that water would flow from the Jordan to the Negev by 1963, two years ahead of previous schedule.

He added that he is not certain when the Sardinia process would be advanced enough to provide cheap water for irrigation.

The Premier said he was certain that a million people would be able to settle in the Negev by 1963, making the latter city the largest in the country. Israel would not be a real power until the Negev had been irrigated and populated, he declared.

He suggested that 100,000 citizens from Tel Aviv should settle in the South, thereby making the latter city the metropolis and providing the labour that was desperately needed in the Negev.

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Dimona's Progress

The Prime Minister, who was accompanied by his Military Secretary, Aluf-Mahne H. Ben-David, arrived in Dimona with the remarkable progress made by the population of Dimona in the five years since the town was founded. He spent three hours touring the two new textile factories now being built in Dimona.

At the Dimona plant he talked at some length with Mr. M. Wacht, an expert from Germany, who is supervising the laying of the plastic flooring in the factory. The Premier said he had always admired the Prime Minister because he remained such a simple person notwithstanding his high position. "All human beings are just people," he said.

Wanted—10,000 Families

He was surprised to learn at the Dimona Fibres factory that Japanese experts are coming to Dimona and will remain here for at least a year.

Subsequently Mr. Ben-Gurion attended a reception at the Town Hall given by Mayor Armand Laroche, the American Labour leader, and members of the local labour council. Mr. Laroche delighted the Prime Minister by calling a remark that he made yesterday, "The population of 10,000 should rise to 10,000 with the demand: 'We want 10,000 families, not people!'"

Appointed C'ttee To Run Abu Ghosh

The Abu-Ghosh Local Council will be suspended and an interim committee appointed to take care of municipal business, according to a decision of the Jerusalem District Commissioner.

The spokesman for the Commissioner said that the Abu-Ghosh Local Council have been paralyzed for the past few months. Public services, taxes not been collected and even the water supply to the town has been turned off by Mr. Laroche because of the town's unpaid bills.

The appointed committee will consist of five members representing the same factions as those elected to the Council.

Memorial Meeting For Majali

A mass memorial meeting for assassinated Premier Hagan's Majali and his colleagues, who were "murdered by the Nasserist plotters," will be held in Amman today, according to Amman Radio.

On the occasion of the return of King Hussein from New York and London, all public buildings and Government offices will be illuminated for three consecutive nights.

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U.S. Feels Strain Of Foreign Aid

LYDDA AIRPORT.—America's balance of payments difficulties and their effect on her foreign aid commitments are the central problems before the World Bank conference recently concluded in Washington. Mr. David Horowitz, Governor of the Bank of Israel, reported on his return here on Wednesday.

On the other hand, West European countries were in view of their economic recovery, particularly West Germany, felt to be doing too little to aid underdeveloped lands, he said.

Mr. Horowitz noted that the considerable progress made in extending international trade had broken down currency barriers. The International Monetary Fund has brought pressure on the countries affiliated to it to allow free currency exchange.

The Governor said that negotiations for loans to expand the Dead Sea Works would probably be completed before the end of the year. (Times)

Table Tennis Champ Plays In Ashkelon

ASHKELOH.—The former World Table Tennis Champion, Miss Angelica Rosin, an immigrant from Rumania, played three exhibition games here during the holidays. The games were arranged by the Northern Negev branch of Hapoel and were played before a large audience in the local Histrut House.

Miss Rosin has settled permanently in Israel. (Times)

ISRAEL AIRCRAFT INDUSTRIES LOD AIRPORT

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1. B.M. MACHINE OPERATORS. 2. PERFORATORS: having at least 3 years' experience. 3. CLERKS with practical experience in office work; knowledge of Hebrew and English essential; typing in at least one of the languages desirable. 4. PARTS PLANNERS: experienced with aircraft parts. 5. UPOLSTERS: highly experienced. 6. HEBREW AND ENGLISH TYPISTS: experienced.

Please apply to: Personnel Department on Sunday, Tuesday, and Thursday between 9-11 a.m.

Required Experienced Typist

English, German and French

Apply: No. 10, P.O.B. 35, Tel Aviv.

On the second anniversary of the death of our dear mother and grandmother

MALKA (Mortie) LASZLO nee Weiss

A visit to the graveside will take place on Tuesday, October 18, 1960, at 2:30 p.m., at Har Hamezuz, Jerusalem.

Transport by special bus from Gan Hariz, Rehov Shalom.

THE FAMILY

Simhat Torah Festival Fills Streets with Glad Dancers

Jerusalem Post Staff

Simhat Torah was celebrated joyously throughout Israel, on Wednesday night in the synagogues and on Thursday night in the streets, where old and young danced until the late hours of the night.

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Yamir Joins Circuits in TA

Jerusalem Post Staff

TEL AVIV.—A spirit of wild gaiety filled the alleys of the Tel Aviv Quarter last night when the Yehuda Music, Mr. Merdchal Namir, was guest of honor at the head of the Tel Aviv Circuits.

Mounted policemen had a difficult time restraining the merry-making crowds of thousands who thronged the narrow, illuminated streets. The procession set out from the Tel Aviv Quarter last night when the Yehuda Music, Mr. Merdchal Namir, was guest of honor at the head of the Tel Aviv Circuits.

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U.N. WILL SURVIVE KHRUSHCHEV

NEW YORK.—THREE weeks have passed since Nikita Khrushchev stepped onto a soggy, red carpet on a leaky, East River dock and braved the rain puddles to approach the television microphones and to proclaim how happy he was to be back on American soil. Since then millions of words have been written, published and broadcast to describe his antics and publicity stunts, his "balcony scene" at the Soviet headquarters, his impetuous and histrionic outbursts at the U.N., his guards, his guests, his reading matter, his food and his drink. It seems that the only activity which has escaped publicity is his life in the Castro hotel, which was not so fortunate. The tabloids accused him of bringing 100 call girls to his Harlem hotel.

In all this writer of words, one fact stands out. No one really knows why he came here or how long he will stay. Did he bring along his mission of satellite and neutralization? Or, as his statements make the lounge look like an international airport in which planes continually land bringing in more people from all over the world, but where, for some strange reason, no one really understands, all departures have been indefinitely cancelled. The lounge is full of rumours, most of them contradictory. A famous expert on Communist affairs is heard to say on one afternoon that Mr. K's New York appearance has won acclaim in the Communist circles, that he has united the world Communists behind him and has won hands down over Mao. A few moments later, another Communist expert, just as renowned, says that Mr. K. has lost the argument, that China will explode its first nuclear device within a year and that the Russian's chief aim in life is to secure world disarmament in a hurry.

Safety in Presence

In all this writer of words, published and spoken, there is one important aspect of this lengthy visit. Who is minding the store? Not only the Russian, but the Polish, Hungarian, Rumanian, Bulgarian and Albanian streets' President

Khrushchev has been criticized for running the executive branch of the Government from temporary offices in the clubhouse of the Augusta golf course. But the American President is rarely away from Washington for more than a week at a time. The Russian chieftain and his satellites have been away from their capitals for more than three weeks (counting the sea voyage) and they show no signs of returning. The Russian ship on which Mr. K. came has been docked since October 18 and has given notice that it might stay longer. Mr. K. has told reporters that he's "on vacation" and is catching up on some reading.

What does this prolonged stay mean? Is it about the stability of Khrushchev's regime? I commend the question to the American press who prefer to write about the "Mystery of Khrushchev's appearance" and "What's happened to Malenkov, Bulganin and Kaganovich?"

Another thought comes to mind which is no more bizarre than some of the theories advanced in the "Yellow Menace" lounge. As long as Mr. K. and his wife stay in New York, and as long as China does not have nuclear weapons, we can all go to bed at night with the assurance that we will wake up in a non-radioactive world. Despite the extra work he's given to the Jewish people to work on Rosh Hashana, maybe we ought to offer him some inducement to stay over Christmas. But perhaps he'll be home when he finds that the World Series baseball has driven him off the front pages.

LAST Wednesday was the U.N.'s most dramatic day. It began with Khrushchev telling Hammarskjöld he should have the courage to resign and ended with Hammarskjöld's reply that under present cir-

By MEIR

ELI

At the time of the Spanish civil war in 1936-39, the Andorrans called on the French for help to repel armed incursions from south of the

circumstances it took more courage to stay in office. To resign under the demand of the Soviet Union for a re-organization of the Secretariat would mean, he said, to "bury the organization to the winds. I have no right to do so because I have a responsibility to all these states members for which the organization is of decisive importance."

The representatives of these small nations thereupon gave him a standing ovation. The first to rise were delegates of Tunisia, Panama and Turkey. Representatives of Ghana, Guinea, India and, of course, the Soviet bloc, remained in their seats.

Though they did not stand up, the Indian delegation, led by Nehru, applauded Hammarskjöld and Nehru supported the Secretary-General's address. Lateral as Hammarskjöld's remarks and noting the sincerity of his desire for an East-West rapprochement, one could not help recalling that it was not so many years ago that the late Secretary of State John Foster Dulles branded him "Immoral" for his neutrality. Yet Nehru's rejection of Khrushchev's demand for

border. The president of the (with the Bishop of Seo de Urgel) of Andorra, sent in a contingent of French gendarmes since Andorra has no army and police force less than a dozen strong.

In 1940, when Hitler's armies overran France and appeared on Andorra's northern frontier, the Bishop fled to the south. The Bishop notified the Vatican in Rome which prevailed upon the Germans to stay out of Andorra. This system of reliance on each one of Andorra's neighbors to keep the other from encroachment, but worked well for nearly 700 years. But Andorra's resulting juridical position, as the French interpret it, does not allow this. The French insist on participating in international conferences or organizations. This irks some Andorrans, and perhaps works to the detriment of the country's economy. An extra friendly vote in the U.N. when hard-pressed on the Algerian issue, for example, would be a boon.

This is what Andorrans are asking, pointing out that Andorra is not any more outrageous than the Ukraine and Byelorussia, two non-sovereign, non-independent areas incorporated into the Soviet Union. Andorra has U.N. membership and the vote that goes with it. Andorra certainly has as much right as they, probably more, to participate in the world organization, it is felt here.

Little Andorra is a principality in the Pyrenees between France and Spain. It has its own flag, its own form of autonomous government, is independent though not entirely sovereign. Its territorial integrity is guaranteed by an agreement signed in 1278 between the Count of Foix (in France) and the Bishop of Urgel (in Spain). It issues its own passports but its citizens depend on French and/or Spanish diplomatic protection abroad.

Relies on Neighbors

At the time of the Spanish civil war in 1936-39, the Andorrans called on the French for help to repel armed incursions from south of the

Hammarskjöld's resignation meant more to the West and to the U.N. than a score of other votes. The Indian leader does not agree on all points with the West. He thinks changes are necessary to correct an imbalance "in favour of Europe and the Americas."

Courageous speech should be made of King Hammarskjöld's courageous speech that day. Old Mideast hands said he was signing his death warrant. If the bomb that killed his President meant anything, certainly, they say, the assassins will reduce their efforts to eliminate this young pipsqueak who has the gall to tell the truth about Communism and Nazism in the assembly of nations.

On October 24, the U.N. will be fifteen years old. When the League of Nations was fifteen years old, in 1925, the Italian attack on Ethiopia found it impotent and it could not find its way. It may be the same today. But he is finding that he cannot. The U.N. under the practiced hand of Dag Hammarskjöld has gone from strength to strength and will survive Mr. K.

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FLAG FOR THE FEAST



Mrs. Meir's speech before the U.N. Assembly.

By arrangement with 'Ma'ariv'

WEDNESDAY'S PRESS COMMENT

THE ARAB REFUGEES

Al Hamsa (Mapar) points out that Dr. Davar's report on the operations of UNRWA clearly contradicts Mr. Hammarskjöld's recommendations for a final solution of the refugee problem by the speedier development of the Middle East countries and describes the report as "astounding in its one-sidedness and the way it ignores the reasons for the existing position."

The paper declares that the problem is "not economic in the first place, but political." It recalls that Mr. Hammarskjöld's two-year plan for economic development was categorically rejected by the Arab rulers, "who are determined to exploit the failure to solve the problem as a political card against Israel."

Most refers to Senator Fulbright's regret that President Eisenhower did not invite Nasser to tour the United States and wonders why Nasser did not do so on his own, and why he suddenly left the country to go back home. The paper believes that the reason was that "the contents of his conversation with Eisenhower disappointed the U.S. Government so much that it felt it entirely superfluous to be further honoured upon him. If this is really so, the paper continues, "it is still possible to make an effort to get America to abstain from voting for the seating of Egypt in the Security Council. This is, in the first place, the task of Israeli diplomacy."

Capital from Abroad

Davar (Hatsadim) says that there is now a unique opportunity to increase imports of capital from abroad "from a thin trickle to a mighty stream." The improvement, that has taken place during the past nine months, the paper continues, is only a modest beginning. The fate of the Jewish community in the Congo, the paper believes, should be a warning to other communities, such as that of Cuba, where extensive Jewish capital, which might have been used to develop the country, has been lost through the Government's nationalization policy. There are also good prospects, in Davar's view, of increasing capital imports by American Jews. Ha'arets (non-party) says that the main point is the need to bring out clearly the history of the Jewish people. "How did it happen that Mr. Pinhas Lavon submitted his resignation from the Ministry of Defence and from the Government, and that Mr. Sharet was prepared to accept the resignation?" The paper says that this is a political question, and not a legal one. It must be clarified by a political—not a judicial—body. The matter should therefore be dealt with by the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee of the Knesset, which should speed up its work, the paper urges.

Borders Closed

The Andorrans fervently hope so, but they are uneasily aware that they are at the mercy of their French and Spanish "protectors." They remember that in 1953 the French closed their frontier with Andorra, and that they were barred at the installation of the French-controlled radio station, so that the tourist influx from France dropped to less than that of the year compared to 200,000 in 1952.

Last year the Spanish closed their border for eight months in an attempt to deal with a slight influx of Spanish visitors was seriously limited.

Under these conditions there may come a time when the Andorrans will be faced with the alternative of bending to the will of one or the other of their protectors and losing some of their independence, or standing up for their rights at the risk of inviting economic depression.

But at the moment such worries are thrown aside as day after day, Sundays included, the Andorrans gaze from their balconies at the stream of French tourists, electric coffee-makers, Havana cigars, baby clothes, tegulla from Mexico, skin-diving equipment, French perfumes, German cameras, Japanese transistor sets, and Scotch whisky at 22 (180 pesetas) a bottle, to the rhythmic strains of rock'n'roll music played on imported, tax-free, bargain-price record-players.

Visitors Galore

What is it about Andorra that attracts so many visitors? The imposing mountain scenery, the well-stocked trout streams, the variety of scenic spots of the midland countries of the world? To some extent, yes. But above all there is the lure of a multitude of goods to be bought at extraordinarily cheap prices. Goods are exported to Andorra from abroad tax-free. Andorra imposes no duty on what comes in, taxes on imports are gratifyingly low.

So visitors find that they can buy petrol 50 per cent cheaper here than in France or Spain. They discover that known brands of electric fans, for example, cost a third less than the usual price, and the same holds good for other items. They discover that cigarettes, perfume, liquor are

At all Bookshelves

ISRAELI ACHIEVEMENTS ENTERPRISES

ALBUM DE LUXE OF ALL ISRAEL

Up-to-the-minute photographs, many in six colours.

OR ISRAEL, P.O.B. 382, TEL AVIV.

Views

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ISRAEL'S WEEK



Challenge At U.N.

It is a significant measure of the development in Israel's position in the community of nations that, when Mrs. Golda Meir spoke this week at the General Assembly of the U.N., she devoted only about one-third of her speech to Israel's relations with her neighbors. During the major part of her address she concentrated on Israel's attitude to world problems. Indeed, the events in the Congo and the accompanying East-West show at the Middle East problems which were often the centre of attention and activity in years past. Mrs. Meir reiterated Prime Minister Ben-Gurion's willingness to meet any of the Arab leaders. She pointed out that she had thought it necessary to recapitulate some basic truths about the Palestine question only because the new African members, unfamiliar with the problem, might have been misled by the speeches of the Arab delegates.

All Arab speakers found it necessary to attack Israel in the General Assembly. The most significant Arab speech, and the most courageous, was that by King Hussein of Jordan. His attempt to show the U.N. the true face of Colonel Nasser was of particular importance. The Egyptian dictator has tried before, but unsuccessfully, to present himself as one of the "moderate" neutralist leaders of the world. King Hussein gave a long list of Nasser's acts of aggression and subversion and pointed out that the UAR activities clearly serve the interests of the Communists.

There was regrettably little echo, however, to the point King's speech. The Communist nation's attitude was, of course, quite understandable, but neither the U.S. nor Britain seemed willing to

ture any reaction that might displease the Egyptian dictator.

Later during the week the annual report by Dr. John Davis, Director of the U.N. Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees, was submitted to the Assembly. By and large the report proved again that the UNRWA is a captive of the Arab Governments, particularly of Cairo.

A year ago Secretary-General Dag Hammarskjöld conceived a plan for the integration of the Arab refugees in a large-scale economic development scheme in the Middle East. It was widely understood that the idea had strong U.S. backing, and there was no doubt that the plan, if implemented, would be of great benefit to the Arab countries. The Arab Governments, however, violently attacked the proposal. The State Department hastily washed its hands of it and it was quietly dropped.

After receiving the report of the UNRWA last year, which mentioned incidentally the difficulties the Agency was having with the Arab Governments and with paid lists of refugees, the General Assembly approved the extension of the UNRWA mandate for another three years.

There were thus no questions of principle involved this year in connection with the annual UNRWA report. Nevertheless, the report revealed that the Arab Governments obviously succeeded in forcing the hand of Dr. Davis. He maintained that the refugees could not be absorbed by the Arab lands where they live, because they are saturated with farmers and unskilled laborers. He argued therefore that the refugees would have to move across international borders in one direction or another to find suitable employment. As for the solution to this problem by providing additional jobs within an overall development scheme

as envisaged by Mr. Hammarskjöld last year, Dr. Davis simply notes that this is "not acceptable to the Arab people."

At a press conference after the publication of the report the UNRWA director had to admit that there had been no real progress in eliminating from the rolls great numbers of deceased persons. In previous years this was the subject of many outpourings of criticism by the Agency.

The 'Affair'

ALL the wheels of the "Lavon Affair" have been set in motion and there seems to be no way of holding back what has become a runaway vehicle. Less than three weeks have passed since the press broke the first news of an issue which has developed into the country's worst political scandal since the establishment of the State.

It was Mr. Lavon himself who first termed it a "public and political matter," thus broadening its scope to almost unpredictable dimensions. He did this against Prime Minister Ben-Gurion's express proposal to withhold further comment until the receipt of the Cohen Inquiry Committee's report. Circles close to the Histadrut Secretariat-General inspired and initiated a "Lavon Affair" press campaign. This was followed by Mr. Lavon's own testimony before the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee in which he has involved all persons directly or indirectly concerned with his resignation from the post of Minister of Defence in February 1955.

The political and public battle was suddenly in full spate. When Mr. Lavon realized that the broadening of

the affair into a renewed investigation of his general success as Defence Minister and his relations with the senior Army Command and the heads of the Defence Ministry was in fact working against him, he demanded that the new inquiry concern itself only with the "1954 security mishap."

After some hesitation, Mr. Ben-Gurion decided to interview personally and to make his own re-assessment of developments that had preceded Mr. Lavon's resignation in 1954. Last Monday he invited to his Tel Aviv Defence Ministry office the non-Mapai Ministers of Mr. Sharett's 1955 Cabinet in an effort to refresh their memory and have them re-state their position on the Lavon resignation to which all of them had agreed at the time. Mr. Ben-Gurion thus in effect gave direct support to his Deputy Defence Minister, Mr. Shimon Peres, who has been the main target of Mr. Lavon's attacks.

The dispute was further broadened on the following day at the third session of the Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee. Replying for two hours to questions by members, Mr. Lavon charged Mr. Shimon Sharett with having broadened the terms of reference of the Oshon-Dori Committee during its inquiry. He put the blame on the former Prime Minister, under whose leadership Mr. Lavon resigned, for having caused the investigation of his relations with the defence establish-

ment. Mr. Sharett himself will appear before the Knesset Committee next Sunday and his testimony is expected to be of decisive importance, since he personally appointed the Committee of Two at the end of 1954. Its findings led eventually to Mr. Lavon's resignation.

Mr. Peres, who resigned last week, has so far issued only

a brief statement, which apparently received Mr. Ben-Gurion's prior approval. Its essence was that he had been called to testify before the Oshon-Dori Committee in January 1955 at the Committee's request. He claims that the Committee decided on the secrecy of the testimony, and that he was prepared to repeat before any proper forum all his statements concerning Mr. Lavon made at the time. This contradicts Mr. Lavon's charges that he volunteered hostile evidence on condition it remained secret.

Meanwhile the Minister of Agriculture, Abuf Moshe Dayan (who was Chief-of-Staff during Mr. Lavon's tenure of office) returned to Israel from abroad. Although he had no comment to make as yet, his appearance before the Knesset Committee can be expected soon.

The man serving abroad still officially unidentified, returned last Tuesday night. The Cohen Committee is to question him on evidence during the 1955 inquiry which is to be held. The Cohen Committee report is expected to throw new light on the causes of the "1954 security mishap," but the real issue in the "Lavon Affair" revolves round the question of whether he should or should not resign from his post of Minister of Defence in February 1955.

The political and public battle was suddenly in full spate. When Mr. Lavon realized that the broadening of

Better Than a Hatchet Murder

THE Knesset is still in the process of bringing the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee, has had an opportunity to meet on what has become known as the "Lavon Affair." The deliberations of this Committee are secret, but the party newspapers always seem well briefed; the non-party papers are if anything still better briefed because there is more hope that they might present both sides of a question.

Without an outlet in the Knesset, the parties have been able to express themselves only through the press. The picture is not cheerful. We could not fall on a carcass with more enthusiasm than the Israel press on a political scandal. When one considers the negotiations of national interest and similar matters that have in the past been cut short by press leakage, one begins to think that it might after all be preferable for sensationalism to centre around musty trials, pornography or the kind of Alton-down-a-well cry-appeal that fills so much of the British popular press. But we prefer politics.

THE Lavon case is made more difficult for the political parties because, in the last resort, it is a skirmish in the drive-out struggle for power within Mapai between the older generation and the younger, between the traditionalist labour-Zionist veterans who are proud that they

have not moved an iota from the ideology that brought them here when they were young and that built the State, and the ashen generation that says rudely that building a state is one thing and running an existing one successfully quite another. Only Mr. Ben-Gurion is with the younger generation in throwing some time-honoured proverbial overboard. Who will succeed Mr. Ben-Gurion when he decides to retire, the veterans or the young? If Mr. Ben-Gurion elects to go on working for another three or four years this question may become more important than any other in the State. What is more, it will not be solved along the lines of the existing parties but only through totally new alignments.

AS long as both sides are "Mapai," and nobody knows which will win, the opposition cannot conveniently take sides. They search hopefully for signs of a real split that will weaken the party and end its long hegemony, and it is natural that they should try to fan the flames a little. Mr. Lavon and Mr. Moshe Dayan have been quarrelling noisily for years. Mr. Lavon may also have his quarrels with many of the members of his own generation, but they will support him against Dayan's contempt for orthodox Zionist principles. If Mr. Lavon claims that his own party has done him an injustice of

course the opposition will rise to the occasion and the rights of the individual and the due punishment of the criminals. To back Mr. Lavon is one way of finding fault with Mr. Ben-Gurion's management of affairs, and that is the legitimate purpose of an opposition. Besides, the exceedingly complicated dispute has been so much obscured by the security blackout on all the essential points that for all people know Mr. Lavon really is a martyr.

BECAUSE there is little authoritative information each party mirrors itself. The Communists in "Kai Ha'am" strictly threaten a pinch here and a dictatorship to follow. They should know "Herut" writes indignantly that it is the present regime that is Fascist, and not they themselves. The religious parties in "Hatsafot" contrive to bring the Rabbinate elections into the matter, and prophesy that Mr. Ben-Gurion will resign. The Mirab's habitual weapon in any political argument, the crazy neurotic of "Ha'olam Ha'zeh" as usual feel a murderous pinch here, tightening its grip round their throat. Left-wing Abud Ha'aveda is all for Mr. Lavon as the head of the Histadrut and symbol of the labour movement, an opponent to the Government with its coalition policies. Mapai may be still further to the left, but they are less prone to opportunism and have not altogether forgotten the dark

when Lavon and Lavon—who has turned away from Mapai sharply to the right—were considered the chief protagonists in the labour movement.

The General Zionists have a special view except that they are against sin, and also remember that the late Israel Hirsch, Minister of the Interior in 1950, got up in any with his accustomed directness at a Cabinet meeting on Mr. Lavon's resignation. If he knew what was going on he should resign because he was responsible. If he did not know, he should resign because he let himself be deceived.

"Yavar" represents mainly the veteran section of Mapai, and sees no reason why Mr. Lavon should not simply be declared "Mafsef" by general agreement and all disagreeable investigations made superfluous.

The afternoon papers live on sensation. "Ma'ariv" is edited by Ben-Gurion and a "Yavar" is a hurry. It shouts "Clear him now!" just as it shouted "Bring him back at Once!" or "Fight them, Now!" There is always time for thought next day. "Ma'ariv" also could not wait to see Mr. Lavon cleared on the first day, had second thoughts once after, and is now full of praise for Mr. Shimon Peres, whom Mr. Lavon has chosen for his main target. There is a pattern here that has repeated itself through all the major political scandals of the past years. First of all you take up an attitude. Next you begin to examine facts. After that there is a slight retreat and an indication that there might be another side to the question. In the end there is the long silence that now envelops the earlier sensation.

THE MIDDLE EAST SCENE

Kassem—Non-Positive Neutral

THE Iraqis apart from a little desk pounding when Golda Meir offered peace talks, have been the quietest and the most unobtrusive of all the Arab delegations swarming through the halls of the U.N. General Assembly. In his address before the Assembly, the Iraqi Foreign Minister, Dr. Haidar Bakir, studiedly abstained from committing his Government on any of the subjects occupying the minds of his fellow Arab delegates with the routine exception of the Palestine question.

His neutrality had nothing "positive" about it. He praised the work of the United Nations in the Congo without appearing to be either over-enthusiastic about the Western stand there or critical of the Secretary-General's performance; he prayed for world peace without urging an immediate meeting between President Eisenhower and Mr. Khrushchev; he refused to declare his allegiance either to the neutralist position, as the Lebanese Prime Minister did, or to a clear pro-Western stand as King Hussein did; he was even careful not to commit himself to the viewpoint of the non-committed leaders such as Nehru, Tito, Nasser, Nkrumah and Sukarno.

This position seems difficult to comprehend at first sight, especially when one considers the intensive contacts and goings between Baghdad on the one hand, and the capitals of the Communist camp on the other. At the time Iraq was speaking, Major-General Ahmed Saleh al-Abdi, Iraq's Chief-of-Staff, had just returned from an official visit to the Soviet Union, and Dr. Faisal al-Samer, Minister of Guidance, was being feted in Peking where he attended the celebrations of the 15th anniversary of the birth of the Chinese Communist Republic. Addressing the World Students Congress convening in Baghdad a few days later, Major-General Kassem boasted that it was thanks to his Government's solicitations that Communist China and the Soviet Union were persuaded to recognize the Provisional Government of Algeria.

As one looks closer, however, Baghdad's stand becomes more intelligible. With all its leaning to the Eastern bloc over the past two years or so, the Iraqi Government never found itself in conflict with the West. Even when Britain always depicted as the villain of the piece and alleged to be behind everything that was bad and hateful, Kassem managed to maintain most correct relations. It was characteristic of his general caution that

he left it to Cairo to settle accounts with London and Washington about their so-called occupation of Jordan and the Lebanon following the July 1948 revolution—an accusation what is more which was allegedly intended to pave the way for the invasion of revolutionary Iraq. Thus Kassem, unlike President Nasser, really managed to be on reasonable terms with almost everybody without antagonizing anyone.

Kassem almost managed to be in everybody's good books in the inter-Arab sphere as well, with the exception, of course, of the United Arab Republic. He is on more than usually good terms with Morocco and Tunisia and the Algerian rebels, has cordial relations with Lebanon, Sudan, Saudi Arabia, Libya and the Gulf Sheikdoms, and has just obtained Amman's recognition of his regime. It is a record of which no Arab country, with the possible exception of the Lebanese, can boast at present.

Commands Respect

Inside Iraq, however, the picture may be slightly different, as we were reminded last Friday, when Baghdad Radio celebrated one of the many anniversaries which the July Revolution has brought in its wake. It was on October 7, 1959, that Major-General Kassem miraculously came to power.

But what if the defence seemed dubious then already—after all, Mr. Justice Oshon has many years of experience in the recognition of unreliable evidence—but there was no decision because the accusation seemed equally flawed? Nobody can be quite sure which alternative is the correct one until the Oshon Committee is recalled to confirm or amend its verdict. The answer that is due the sooner the present sensation-mongering will find its natural end.

THE Israel soccer team on its way to Seoul, with coach Mandel (second from right) providing the sober note.

Unusual Envoys

TWO large contingents of Israeli "ambassadors" left for long journeys abroad within a few hours of each other on Sunday. The international football team has already arrived in Seoul, South Korea, to contest the Asian Soccer Championships Final, which started yesterday (Thursday); the Israeli Philharmonic Orchestra set off for Paris, to stop on its globe-trotting tour.

The 17 footballers, led by the brilliant Hungarian coach, Gusztav Mandel, left in high spirits. Local fans entertain high hopes of the team's success. But in Israel the soccer strength of the Asian countries, South Korea, Formosa and Vietnam, is perhaps somewhat underestimated. In the last Asian Championships, Formosa beat Israel 2-0, though it is an indubitable fact that Israel soccer has made great strides since then. As Mandel pointed out before the team's departure, much will depend on how quickly the players can get accustomed after a journey of 17,000 miles. The players are all fit; in fact at least they should be superior to their opponents. All that is needed to bring the Asian Cup to this end of our continent is the goals. Israel plays its first game against Korea on October 16. The team may also play international games against Japan and Hong Kong on the return journey.

I.P.O. Tour

ITALIAN Maestro Carlo Maria Giulini is conducting some 350 musicians of the I.P.O. on its 44-concert, 10-week tour. The Orchestra scored a major success in two concerts this week in Paris, and it is confidently expected to do equally well in the U.S., Mexico, Canada, Japan and India.

The New York concert, the first of which will take place on Sunday, is sold out.

In Washington, Mrs. Eisenhower will grace the I.P.O. concert with her presence. There will be many other distinguished listeners. Playing in the homes towns of such outstanding scholars as those of Philadelphia, New York and Boston will not be a disadvantage to the I.P.O., which will find the appreciation of sophisticated audiences. The Orchestra's tour in Asia will be the first taste of Israel culture that Japan and India will experience. It is fortunate that it will be of the very up level.

DUBEK TWINS

10 DUBEK FILTERS wrapped in silver foil
10 MENTHOL FILTERS wrapped in green foil

DOUBLE PLEASURE IN A SINGLE PACK!

DELTOURS

TRAVEL INFORMATION SERVICE

DEPARTURES FROM LOD AIRPORT

Date	Time	Company	Destination
SUN. Oct. 16	0800	EL AL	Rome, Zurich, Rome, Milan, Geneva, Paris, London, New York
	0810	T.W.A.	Boston, New York
	0910	ALITALIA	Rome
	0940	OLYMPIC	Athens, Rome, Paris, London, Athens, Paris, London, New York
	1200	EL AL	New York
	1200	AIR FRANCE	Rome, Paris, Tel Aviv, Tiberias (to the Far East)
	1200	S.A.C.C.	Tiberias (to the Far East)
MON. Oct. 17	0110	EL AL	Tel Aviv (to the Far East)
	0120	EL AL	Tel Aviv
	0230	SWISSAIR	Athens, Zurich, Rome, Paris, London, New York, Zurich, Athens, Rome, Paris, London, New York, Zurich
	0300	AIR FRANCE	General, London, New York, Zurich
	1700	EL AL	Nicosia
TUE. Oct. 18	0110	EL AL	Tel Aviv (to the Far East)
	0120	EL AL	Tel Aviv
	0230	SWISSAIR	Athens, Zurich, Rome, Paris, London, New York, Zurich, Athens, Rome, Paris, London, New York, Zurich
	0300	AIR FRANCE	General, London, New York, Zurich
	1700	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	1710	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	1720	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	1730	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	1740	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	1750	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	1800	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	1810	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	1820	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	1830	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	1840	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	1850	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	1900	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	1910	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	1920	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	1930	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	1940	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	1950	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2000	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2010	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2020	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2030	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2040	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2050	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2100	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2110	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2120	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2130	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2140	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2150	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2200	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2210	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2220	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2230	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2240	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2250	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2300	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
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	2640	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2650	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2700	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	2710	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
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	2800	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
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	2950	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	3000	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
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	3030	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
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	3050	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	3100	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	3110	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	3120	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	3130	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	3140	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	3150	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
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	3930	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	3940	EL AL	Nicosia, Athens, Zurich, London
	3950	EL AL	

The Middle East Scene

and the July Revolution which Kaseem repented, promised to make as brief course, may be long in time, and a few additional chances may overtake it. But it remains true that at home and abroad we have managed, despite hardship through most of time, to forge a way for Hushshite Iraq — and drive many shekks which observers thought him ble of surviving.

OURISTS

JERUSALEM POST

GENTSEENING LTD

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Cinemas

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GREAT LOVE,
OPTION
OF RUTH

of the year
Ma Eden
p.m.

3.30, 7.15, 9.30.

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PRIZE 4th Week
Daily Breaking all records
throughout the world
Operation Potlout
by Grant, Tony Gault
Bismarcker
6 Y.M. 9.95.

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with
ANDREA DEE **RICHARD ROAN**
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ARTHUR LINDSEY
and the star of tomorrow
TONY DONAHUE
ADULTS ONLY

PRIZE
The greatest comedy
of all times
GREAT AMERICAN
PAST TIME

PRIZE
Local Favorite
Jewels and Diamonds
Prize Winner

Produced by A. Vajda

TRUCK IN THE MIRROR
 DARTING:
 Emma Wolff, Judith Goss
 Branded William
 in Chomacoma
 7:15
 Mats. 4:4
THE WORLD IS IN THE ARMS
 Gregory Paul, Anthony Quinn

ANDEROTH 8th Week
 the excellent English Comedy
PLEASE TURN OVER
 With the famous **QUITY** on cast
 Ted Ray - Susan Mann
 Lucille Phillips

AMAR 3rd Week
 Continues to show
 Norman Wisdom
 in the hilarious
 British slapstick comedy
THE SQUARE PEG
 Mats. 4:15, 7:15, 9:15, 11:15
 Fantasy. Feb. 22.

PAUL HERRIGER

AN American comedy
Bedmeister
Spargel
Mat. 10 - 10 - 11

ARON
One of the greatest films
of the year!
BUCKLE UP, MACARTHUR!
Yankee award winner
for the year!
BLACK LEMMON lost everything
in a silly Western
lost comedy over again!

THE APARTMENT
wing to the length of the
film, the public is requested
to be punctual and to
be seated by 7:30.
We complimentary
tickets or reductions.
- Wednesday, Friday -
A. M. 7.15 & 9.30

AMIR 7th Week
FINALLY RELEASED
Love Affair
with Aline Lualdi
Christiane Marquand
Bernard Blier

DE FIRM

